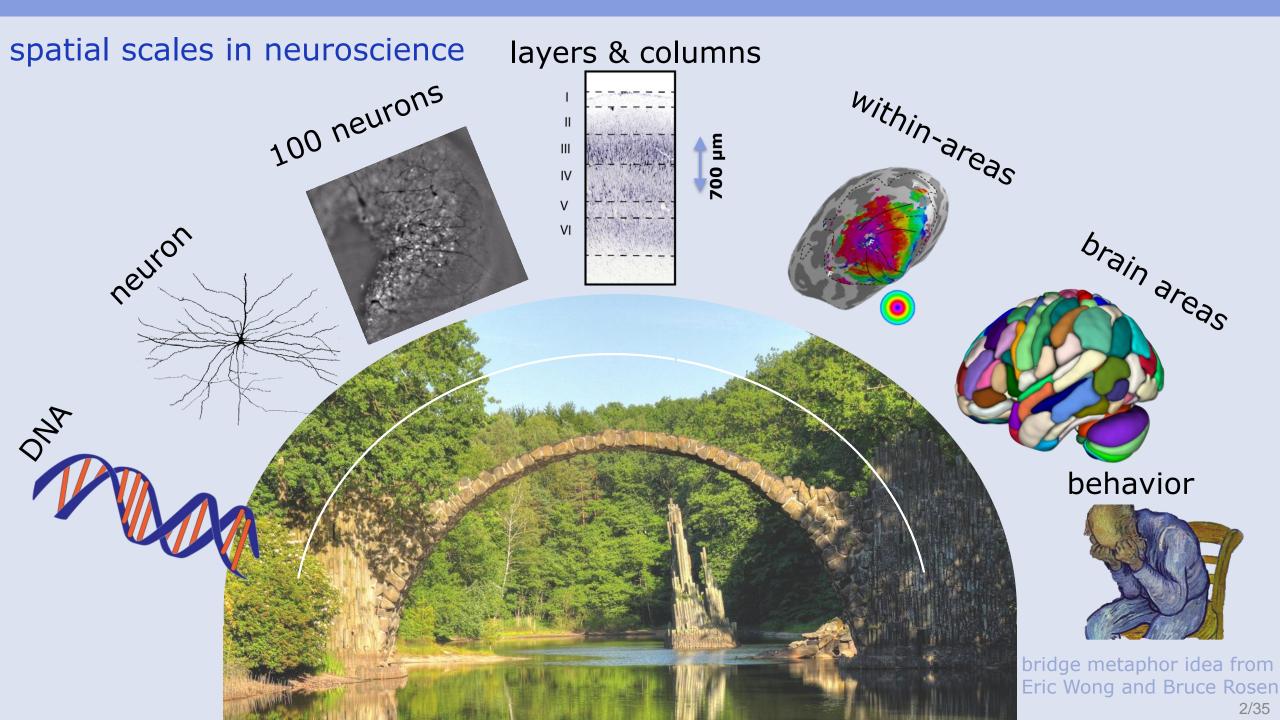
# High-resolution CBV-fMRI allows mapping of laminar activity and connectivity of cortical input and output

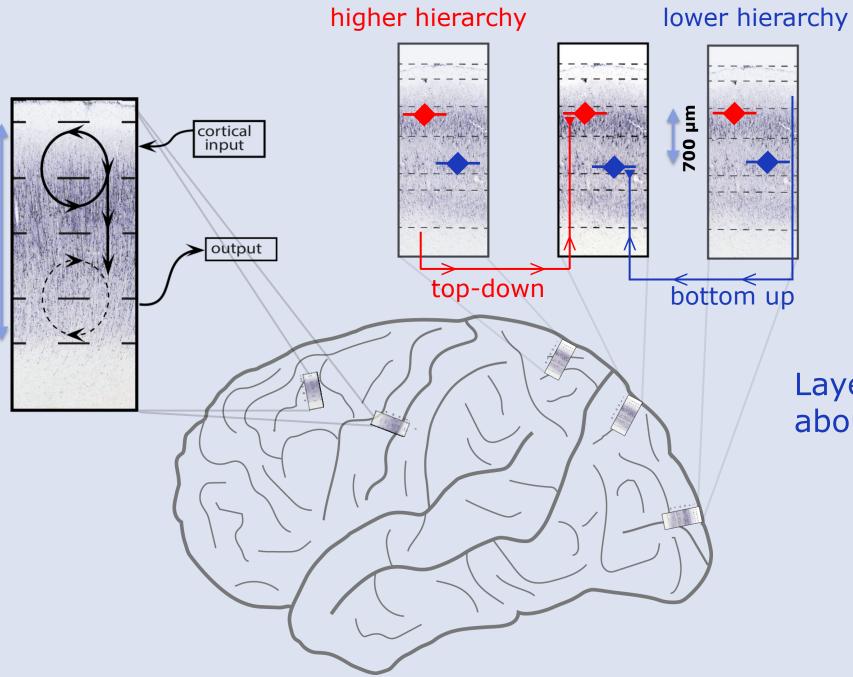
Renzo (Laurentius) Huber

SFIM, LBC, NIMH, NIH under Peter Bandettini

May 31<sup>st</sup> 2018 Esther Kühn's BrainInDepth conference





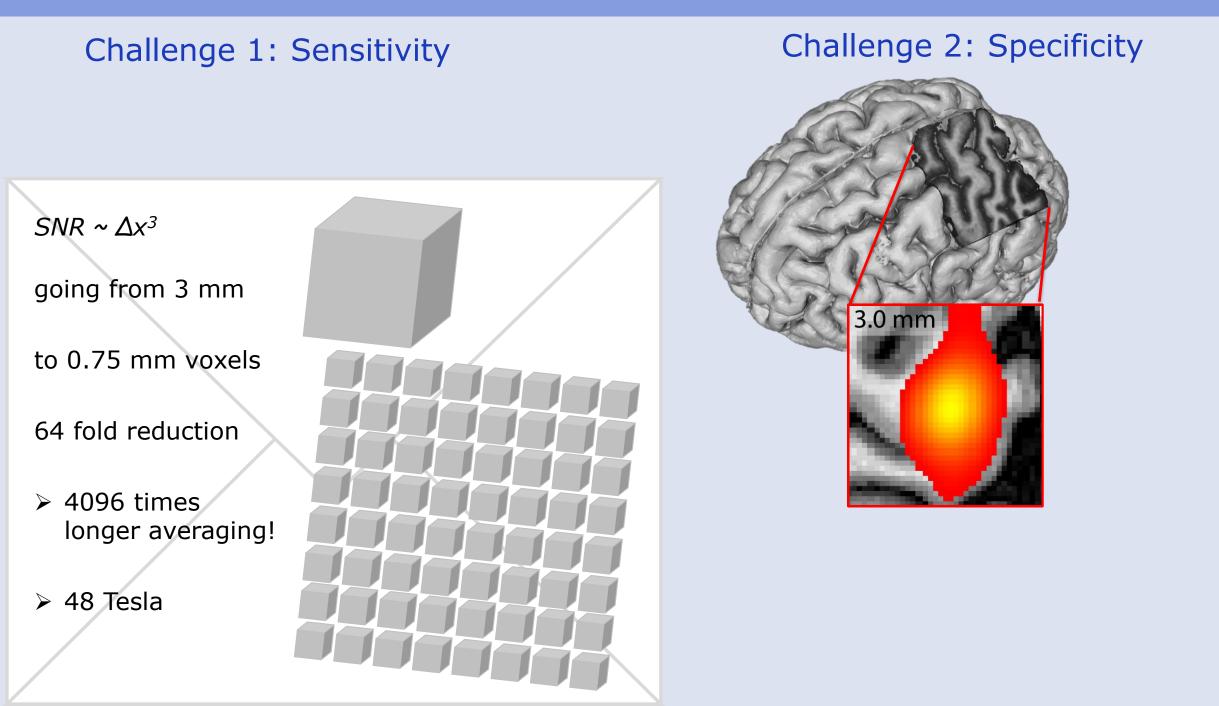


4 mm

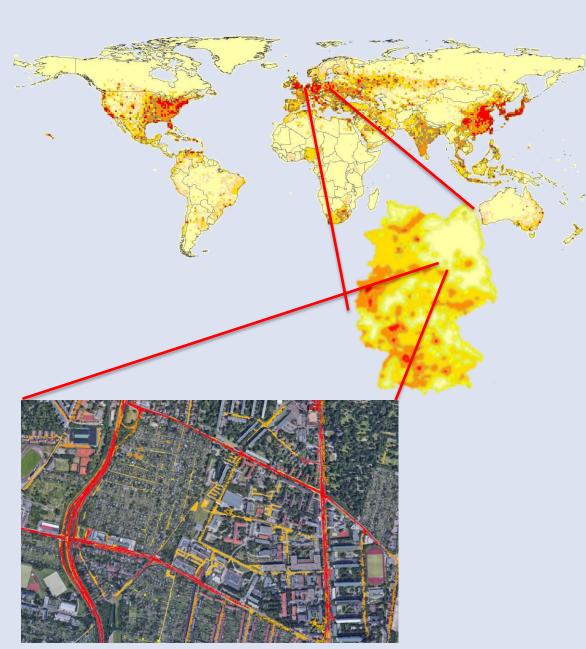
# Layers provide information about directionality

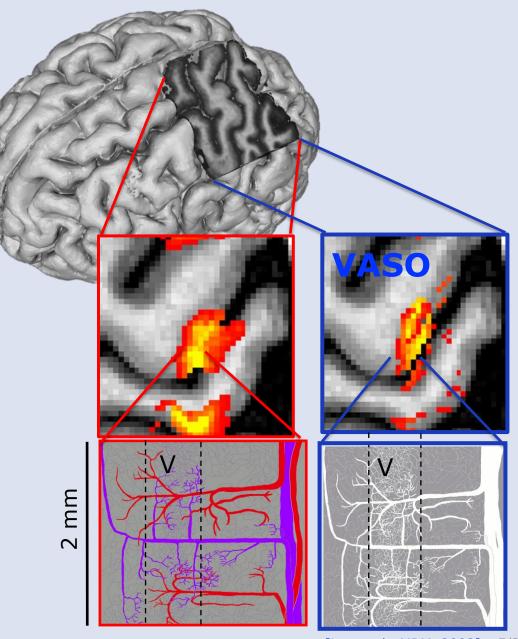
Hierarchical connectivity: Felleman and Van Essen 1991

Input-output connectivity: Goldman-Rakic et al. 1996 Pappale and Hooks 2017

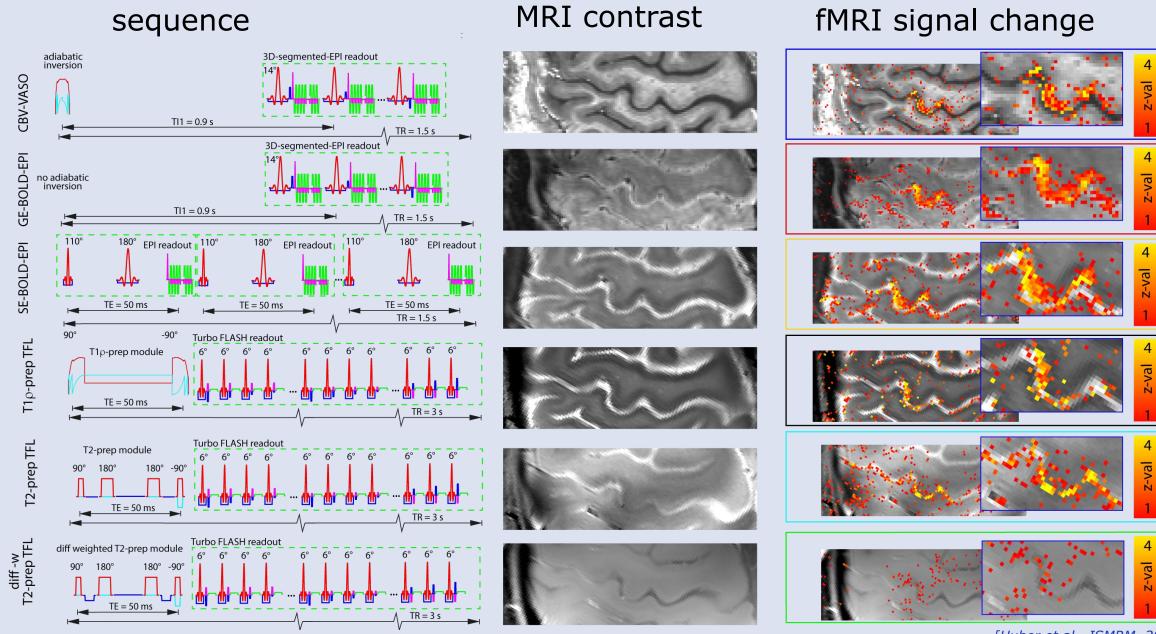


specificity



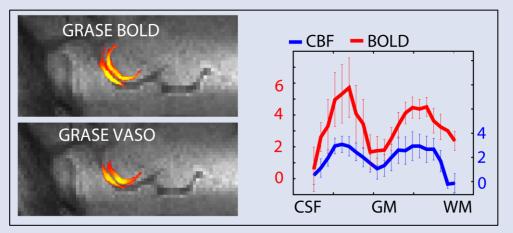


#### comparing contrast mechanisms

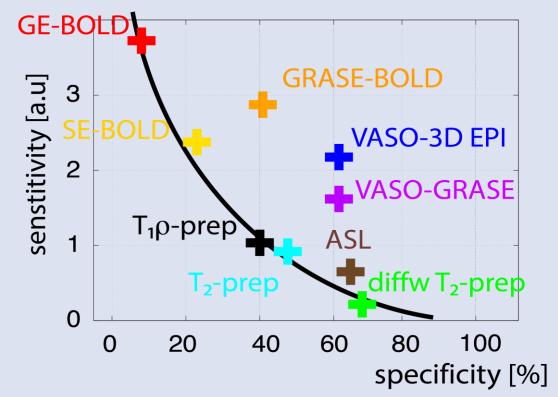


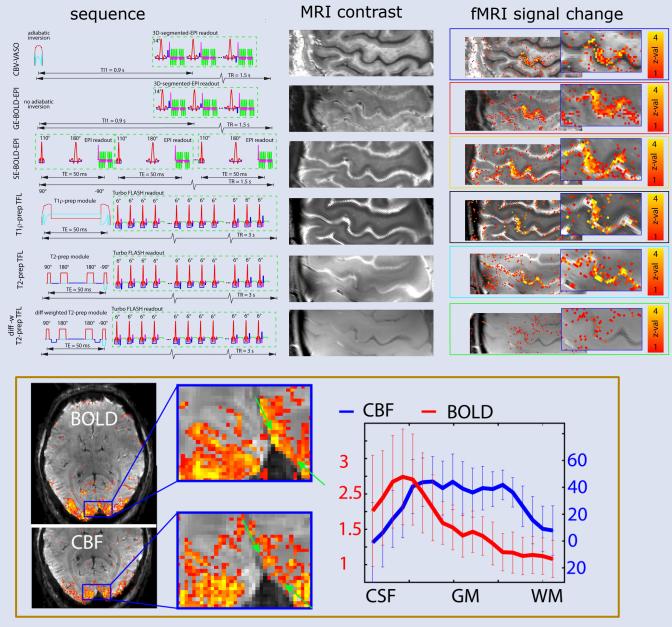
[Huber et al., ISMRM, 2017a]/35

#### comparing contrast mechanisms



Acquired in collaboration with Tania Dadakova and David Feinberg

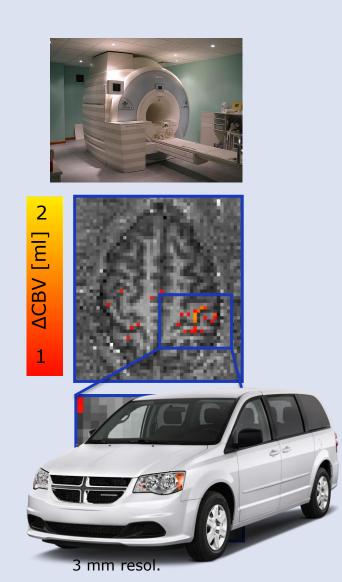




[Huber et al., NeuroImage 2018], acquired from Dimo Ivanov

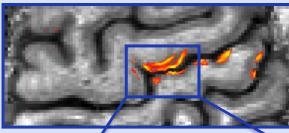
## field strength

3T



7T

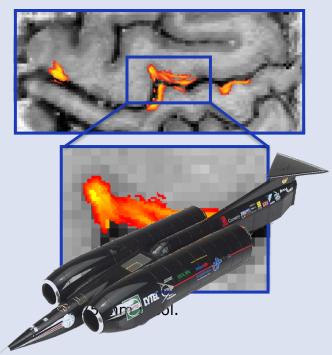






9.4T



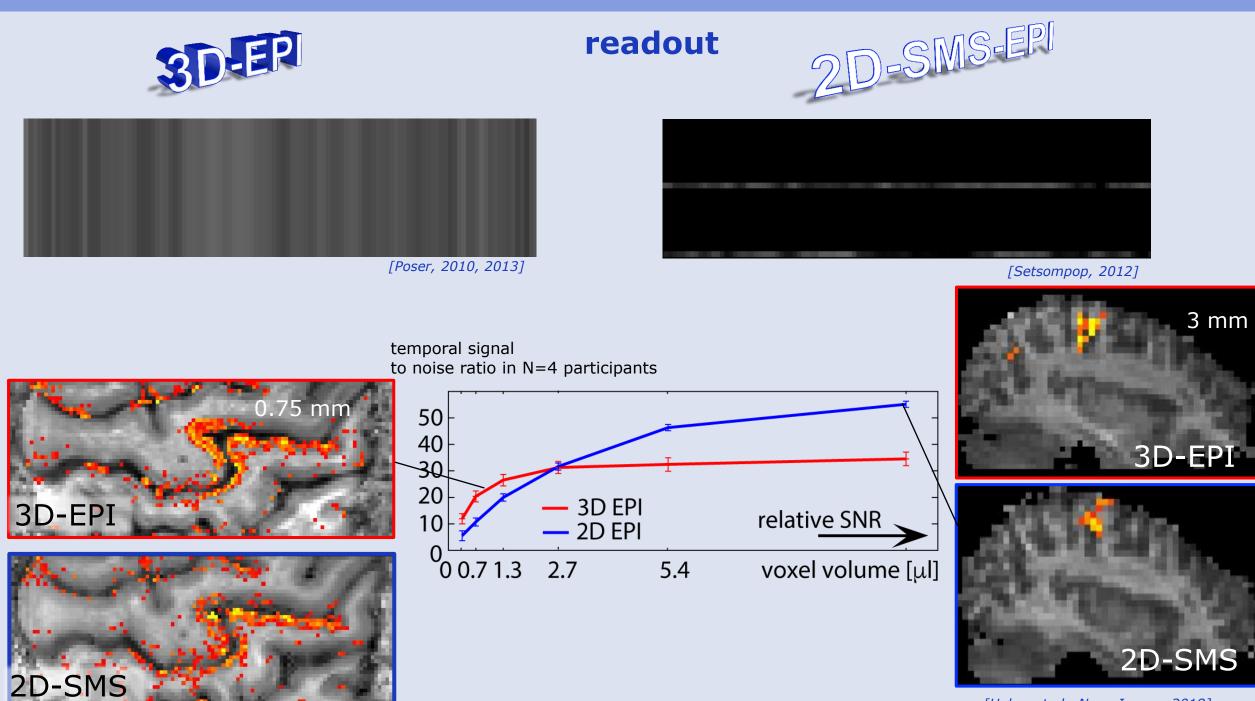




readout





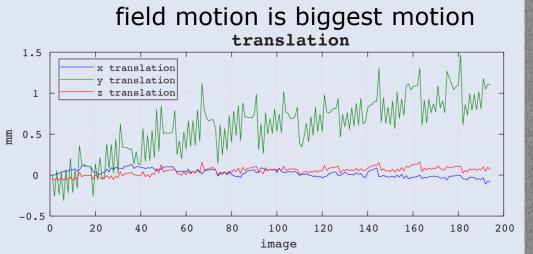


<sup>[</sup>Huber et al., NeuroImage, 2018] 10/35

### motion

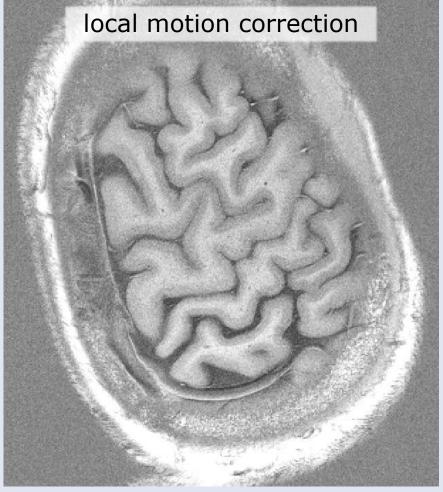
- participant training
- padding



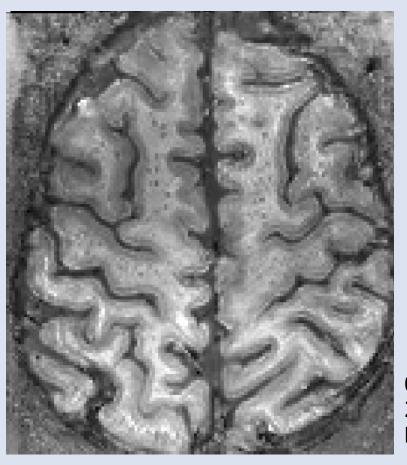


Valsalva breath holding respiration task





#### surface analysis



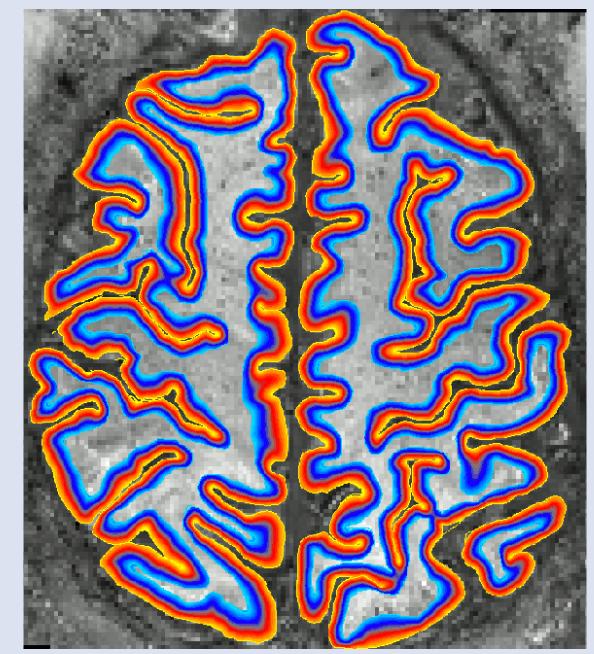
0.79 mm isotropic 24 slices, 7T, SC72 Nova head coil

#### All done in EPI Software package: LAYNII https://github.com/layerfMRI Software tutorials: https://layorfmri.com

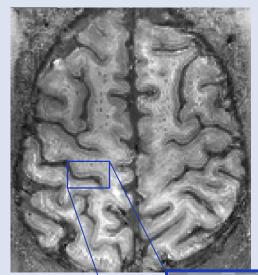
Software tutorials: <u>https://layerfmri.com</u>

Thanks to Daniel Glen and Rick Reynolds for their nii I/O

#### equi-distant and equi-volume surfaces



#### normalizing "depths" to layers





#### 200 µm ex-vivo

[In collaboration with Carsten Stüber]

#### PIXE 200 150 100 PIXE 120 weight) 100 300 80 60 40 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.4 0.5 0 histology SMI 311 staining

# in vivo 0.35 mm signal map zoomed on M1 cortical profiles FLASH TE = 8 ms 900 : 23 ms LASH TE = HHHHH In H frequency EPI 0.7 mm in m ΔCBV CSF WM WM

[Huber et al., Neuron, 2017, a collaboration with Carsten Stüber, Cornell]

Vb

Va

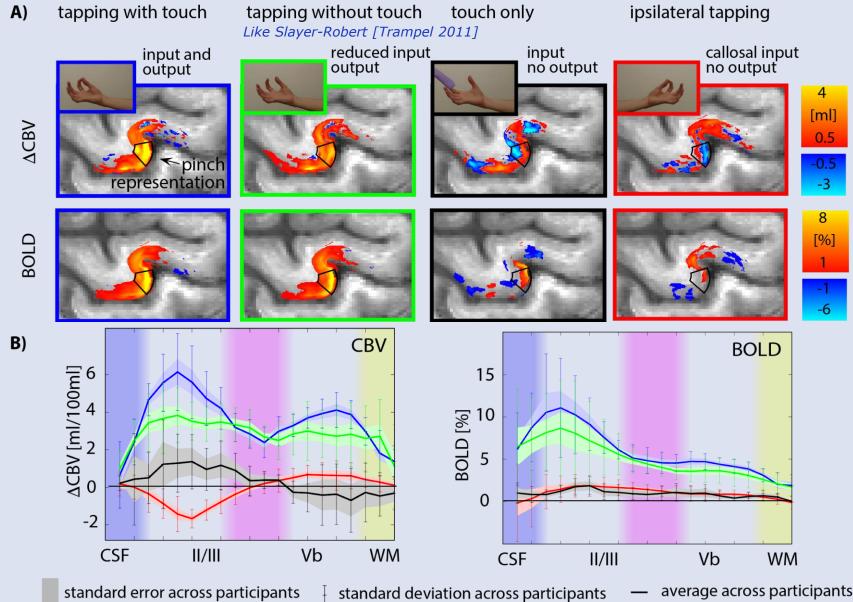
Ш

VI

CSF

# input vs. output in M1

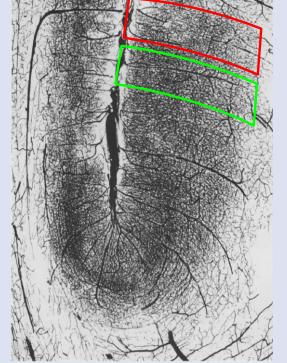
#### cortex thalamic input spinal output thalamic output Image: Cortex thalamic input Image: Cortex thalamic output Image: Cortex Image: Cortex Image: Cortex thalamic output thalamic output Image: Cortex Image: Cortex Image: Cortex thalamic output thalamic output Image: Cortex Image: Cortex Image: Cortex thalamic output thalamic output Image: Cortex Image: Cortex Image: Cortex thalamic output thalamic output </t

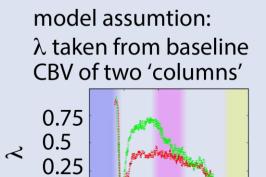


<sup>[</sup>Huber et al., Neuron, 2017] 14/35

N=9 participants

#### **Vascular bias correction**



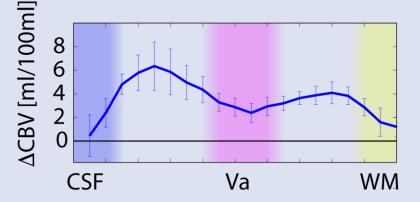


Va

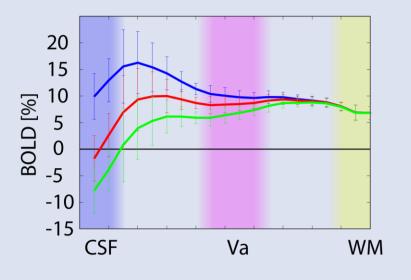
WM

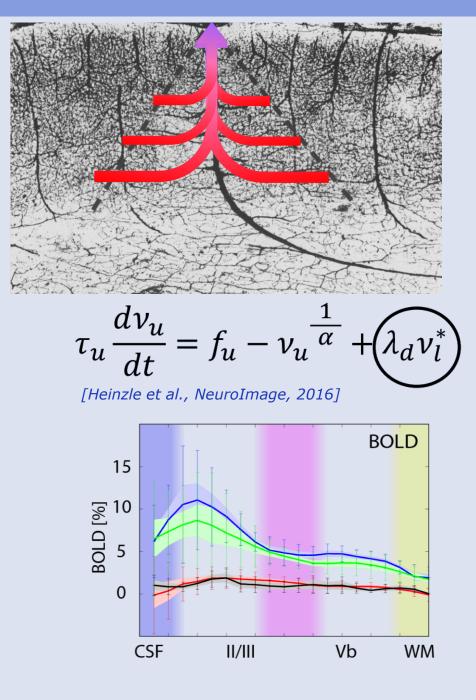
0

CSF

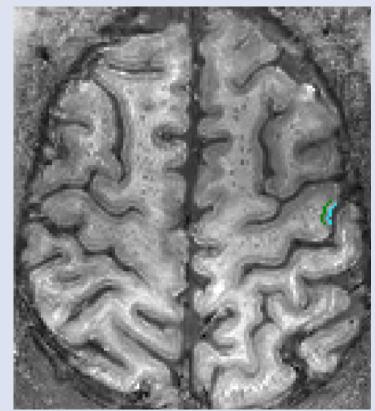


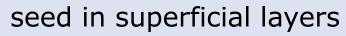
measured raw signal
Heinzle-Markuerkiaga model 1
Heinzle-Markuerkiaga model 2

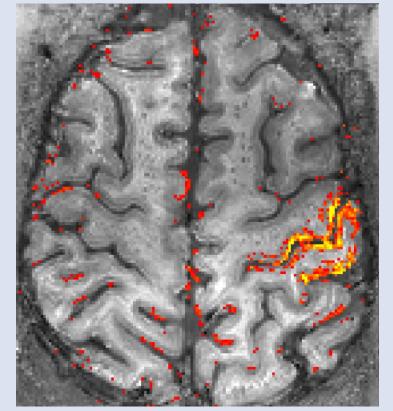


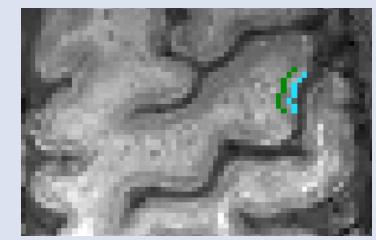


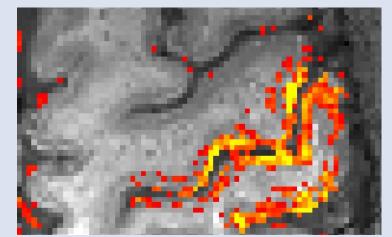
### resting state



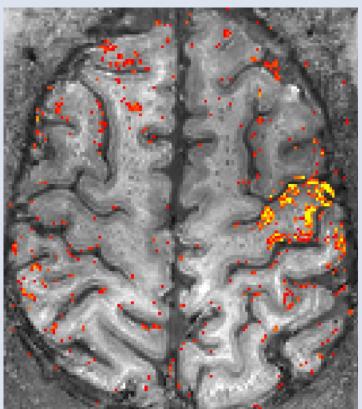


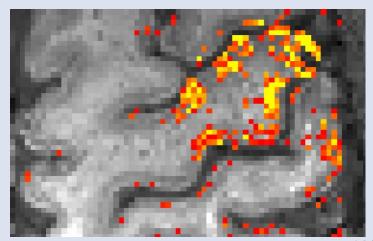






#### seed in deep layers





#### seed across areas

CSF

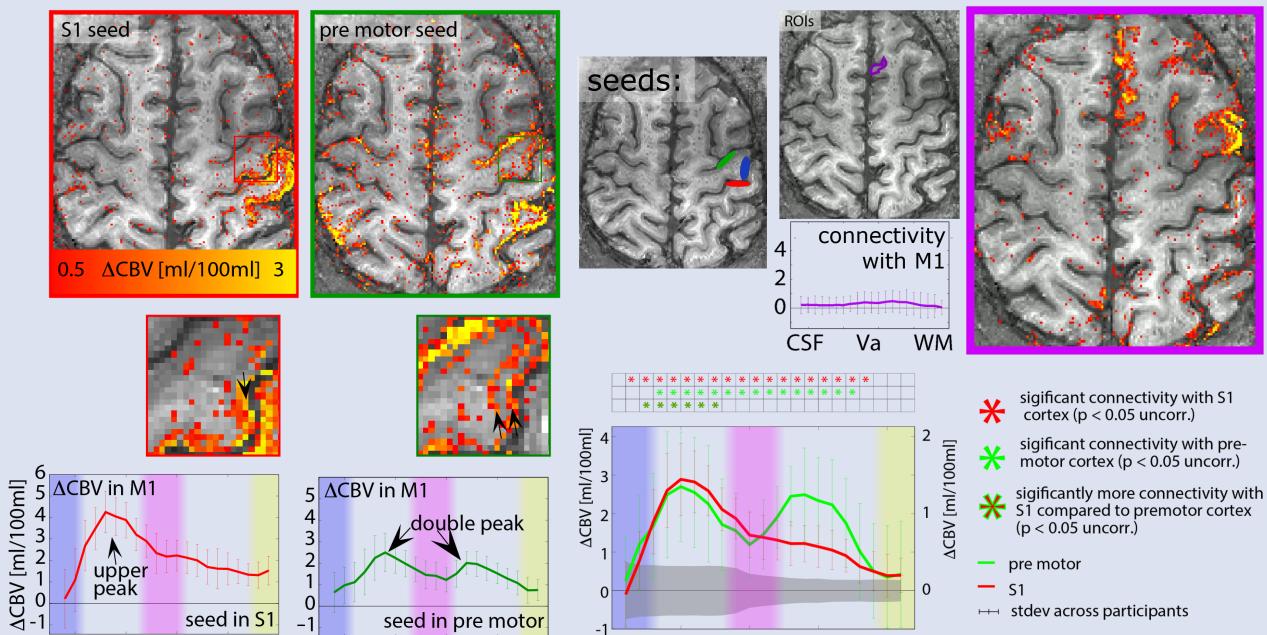
Va

WM

CSF

Va

#### comparing with random control seeds



CSF

WM

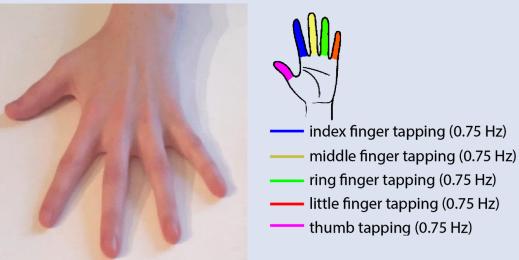
Va

WM

uncertainty level from control seeds 17/35

# From layers to columns

#### Tasks used here:

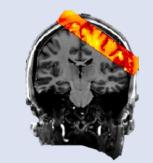


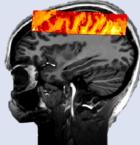


# Data used here:

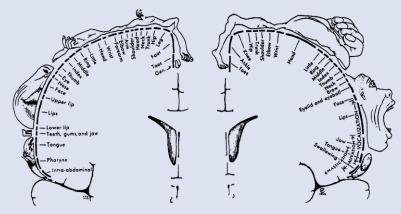
- 0.79 mm ٠
- 24 slices • VASO

•





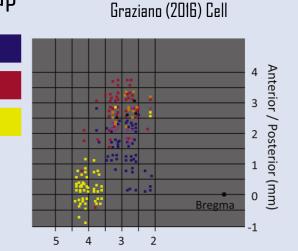
'columnar' topology in M1



somatosensory area (left) and primary motor area (right).

# Action map Reach

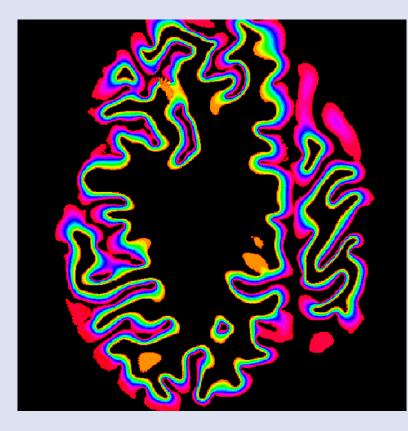
Grasp Retract



Medial / Lateral (mm)

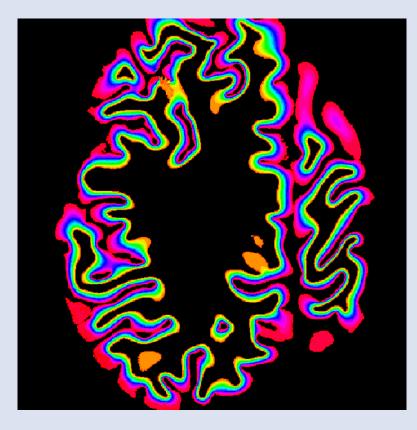
# From layers to columns

Layers in 3D



# From layers to columns

#### Layers in 3D



#### Crawlers to span sheet



Different than Freesurfer because it works with slabs In voxel space